

Name: _____

Communication Process and Oral Language Crossword Puzzle Key

Please complete the crossword puzzle below. Include the blank spaces.

The crossword puzzle grid contains the following words:

- Across: 19 C O M M U N I C A T I O N P R O C E S S (19 letters); 15 I N F O R M A L L A N G U A G E (12 letters); 13 D I A L E T I C C O M M U N I C A T I O N (13 letters); 5 C O L L O Q U I A L I S M S (11 letters); 11 D I C T I O N (11 letters); 9 G R A M M A R (9 letters); 18 F O R M A L L A N G U A G E (12 letters); 12 B R A N D (7 letters); 1 S T A N D A R D L A N G U A G E (15 letters); 3 A R T I C U L A T I O N (11 letters); 2 P R O U A (6 letters); 16 E U N C I A (6 letters); 4 V A B U L (6 letters); 10 S A I C (4 letters).
- Down: 17 O N P R O C E S S (7 letters); 12 B R A N D (7 letters); 13 D I A L E T I C (6 letters); 5 C O L L O Q U I A L I S M S (11 letters); 11 D I C T I O N (11 letters); 9 G R A M M A R (9 letters); 18 F O R M A L L A N G U A G E (12 letters); 12 B R A N D (7 letters); 1 S T A N D A R D L A N G U A G E (15 letters); 3 A R T I C U L A T I O N (11 letters); 2 P R O U A (6 letters); 16 E U N C I A (6 letters); 4 V A B U L (6 letters); 10 S A I C (4 letters).

Across:

1. Language used by the majority of knowledgeable communicators within in a specific language. (STANDARD LANGUAGE)
3. The act of clearly and distinctly uttering the consonant sounds of a word. (ARTICULATION)
5. A term associated with a specific regional culture. (COLLOQUIALISMS)
6. Process of creating and exchanging meaning through symbolic interaction. (COMMUNICATION)
9. The basic understandings and rules that regulate the use of language. (GRAMMAR)
11. The degree of clarity and distinctness in a person's speech. (DICTION)
15. Language most often used in casual situations and close interpersonal relationships. (INFORMAL LANGUAGE)
18. Language associated with a particular profession, activity, or field of study. (FORMAL LANGUAGE)
19. Uses the mental and physical energy of people who speak, listen, use nonverbal behaviors, and interpret the verbal and nonverbal behaviors.(COMMUNICATION PROCESS)

Down:

1. The way the different parts of a language are arranged. (STRUCTURE)
2. The standard set for the overall sound of a word. (PRONUNCIATION)
4. All the word symbols that make up a particular code or language. (VOCABULARY)
7. Interferes with or disrupts communication. (NOISE)
8. The observable characteristics of oral language. (SOUND)
10. A second type of informal language. (SLANG)
12. Blocks communication. (BARRIER)
13. A unique combination of speech sounds that identify speech with a particular group of people. (DIALECT)
14. Another name for technical language. (JARGON)
16. The act of clearly and distinctly uttering the vowel sounds of a word. (ENUNCIATION)
17. Language that is spoken and heard. (ORAL LANGUAGE)